

MULTIMEDIA



UNIVERSITY

STUDENT ID NO

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MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 2, 2015 / 2016

TRT3241- REAL-TIME SYSTEMS

(All sections / Groups)

29 February 2016

2.30 p.m. – 4.30 p.m.

(2 Hours)

INSTRUCTION TO STUDENTS

1. This examination paper consists of 3 pages (including the cover page) with 5 questions and solutions.
2. Answer **ANY FOUR** questions.
3. All questions carry equal weight (15 marks). The allocation of marks for each section within a question is given in the paper.
4. Write your answers in the answer booklet provided. Do not copy out the questions

Question 1

- a) Briefly define the term “non-real-time systems. Using an appropriate example, show how it differs from a real-time system.
- b) Name THREE common mechanisms for representing concurrent execution. Briefly describe each of its operation using appropriate diagram or pseudo code.
- c) Briefly describe how atomic transaction is different than atomic action?
- d) Briefly explain the difference between Asynchronous send, Synchronous send and Remote Invocation send operations in task synchronisation.

[3 + 6 + 3 + 3 = 15 marks]

Question 2

- a) Based on scenario given below, identify the type real-time task and briefly justify your answer.

Task handling a request for a seat reservation in a railway reservation application. Once a request for reservation is made, the response should occur within 20 seconds on the average. The response may either be in the form of a printed ticket or an apology message on account of unavailability of seats. Alternatively, we might state the constraint on the ticketing task as: At least in case of 95% of reservation requests, the ticket should be processed and printed in less than 20 seconds.

- b) What is a safety-critical system? Give a few practical examples safety-critical hard real-time systems. Are all hard real-time systems safety-critical? If not, give at least one example of a hard real-time system that is not safety-critical.
- c) Explain with the help of a schematic diagram how the recovery block scheme can be used to achieve fault-tolerance of real-time tasks. What are the shortcomings of this scheme? Explain situations where it can be satisfactorily be used and situations where it cannot be used.

[3 + 4 + 8 = 15 marks]

Continued...

Question 3

- a) Explain scheduling point of a task scheduling algorithm? How the scheduling points are determined in (i) clock-driven, (ii) event-driven, (iii) hybrid schedulers?
- b) What are the distinguishing characteristics of periodic, aperiodic and sporadic real-time tasks?
- c) What is the difference between mutex and critical section?
- d) A system can fail in many different ways. Briefly explain SIX classifications of failure modes.

[3+ 3+3 + 6 = 15 marks]

Question 4

- a) Describe briefly the concept of dependability referring to a system.
- b) Briefly describe SIX attributes of dependability.
- c) Briefly explain how to achieve dependability in real-time systems.

[1 + 6 + 8 = 15 marks]

Question 5

- a) Briefly describe TWO method applications use to access to time frame of its environment.
- b) Briefly describe TWO types of delays function, write pseudo code to explain your answer.
- c) Briefly describe how temporal scopes are used to facilitate the specification of the various timing constraints found in real-time applications.

[2 + 8 +5 = 15 marks]

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